

Science - Vocabulary List

Science Topic	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Working Scientifically	 experience observe changes patterns grouping sorting classifying compare identify (name) data measure record equipment questions test investigate explore magnifying glass / hand lens same different 	 develop enquiry practical enquiry fair test comparative test reason comparative test difference relationships conclusion evidence information thermometer data logger estimate values data properties characteristics 	 variables evidence justify accuracy precision scatter graphs bar graphs line graphs argument (science) causal relationship
Animals, including humans	 names of common grow animals: healthy fish, offspring amphibians, reptiles, young birds, water mammals carnivores herbivores teeth grow daulty adults young water air exercise 	 nutrition diet skeleton muscles protection support movement bones skull shell 	 puberty gestation period circulatory system heart lungs blood vessels blood lifestyle disease water transportation

	• omnivores • hygiene	digestive system	 nutrient transportation
	• name the • egg	 stomach 	oxygen
	senses • chick	 small intestine 	• air
	habitatchicken	large intestine	breathing
	• local • caterpillar	 oesophagus 	• exercise
	environment • pupa	types of teeth: molar, premolar,	• diet
	• pet • moth	incisor, canine	• drugs
	wild animal butterfly	• saliva	3
	• insect • tadpole	54	
	• minibeast • frog		
	• food • frog spawn		
	• eat • lamb / sheep		
	• basic body • calf / cow		
	parts (head, • foal /horse		
	neck, body,		
	arms, legs,		
	ears, etc,		
	plants (wild and bud	• functions	
	garden) • growth • evergreen trees • habitat	nutrientsnutrition	
	 evergreen trees deciduous trees local 	air	
	name of some environment	transport (water)	
	common flowering • water	life cycle	
	plants • light	• pollination	
	• flowers • temperature	seed formation	
District	vegetables healthy growth	seed dispersal	
Plants	leaf/leaves survive	reproduce	
	flower blossom soil	• fertiliser	
	petal germinate		
	• stem • stages of		
	• trunk growth		
	branch		
	• root		
	• seed		
	• bulb		

Living things and their habitats (including evolution and inheritance)	 pond garden field park mot living dead not living alive sea shore healthy river food chain ocean forest source of food rainforest stones grow rocks logs healthy habitat healthy 	 environment non-flowering plants ferns mosses flowering plants grasses vertebrate animals: fish, birds, mammals, amphibians, reptiles invertebrate animals: snails, worms, slugs, spiders, insects human impact - litter, deforestation, population increase, nature reserves 	 life cycles reproduction life processes sexual and asexual reproduction (plants) classification microorganisms organisms evolution evolve adaptation variation inherit inheritance properties
Materials	 wood, paper, plastic, metal, glass, water, rock, brick, stone, fabric, material, foil, elastic, dough, rubber, card cardboard, clay object make/made hard/soft shiny/dull stretchy/stiff rough/smooth bendy/not bendy waterproof/not waterproof transparent/opaque absorbent/not absorbent squash twist bend 		 hardness solubility transparency electrical conductivity thermal conductivity magnetism dissolve solution substance separating mixing filtering sieving reversible/irreversible burning rusting reactions

Rocks and soils		 rock soil fossil organic matter grains crystals sedimentary rock 	
States of matter		 solid liquid gas temperature heat (heating) cool (cooling) water cycle evaporation condensation melting freezing 	
Earth and space	 seasons - spring, summer, autumn, winter seasonal change weather sun /sunshine rain/snow/sleet/ice/frost/fog cloud hot / cold storm sky Earth night / day 		 solar system planets: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Neptune, Uranus moon stars spherical bodies rotation orbit satellite
Electricity	electricitylight bulbplug socket	simple circuitcellwire	voltagecomponentssymbols

		 buzzer switch motor battery series circuit conductor insulator 	• circuit diagram
Forces	 move movement surfaces forces push pull contact 	 distance magnet (bar / ring / horseshoe) attract repel poles (of magnets) magnetic materials 	 gravity air resistance water resistance friction levers / pulleys gears springs
Light	lightdarkshadow	 dark (absence of light) reflect shadow opaque mirror reflective surface 	light sourcesperiscope
Sound	• sound	vibrationvibratepitchvolumeinsulation	